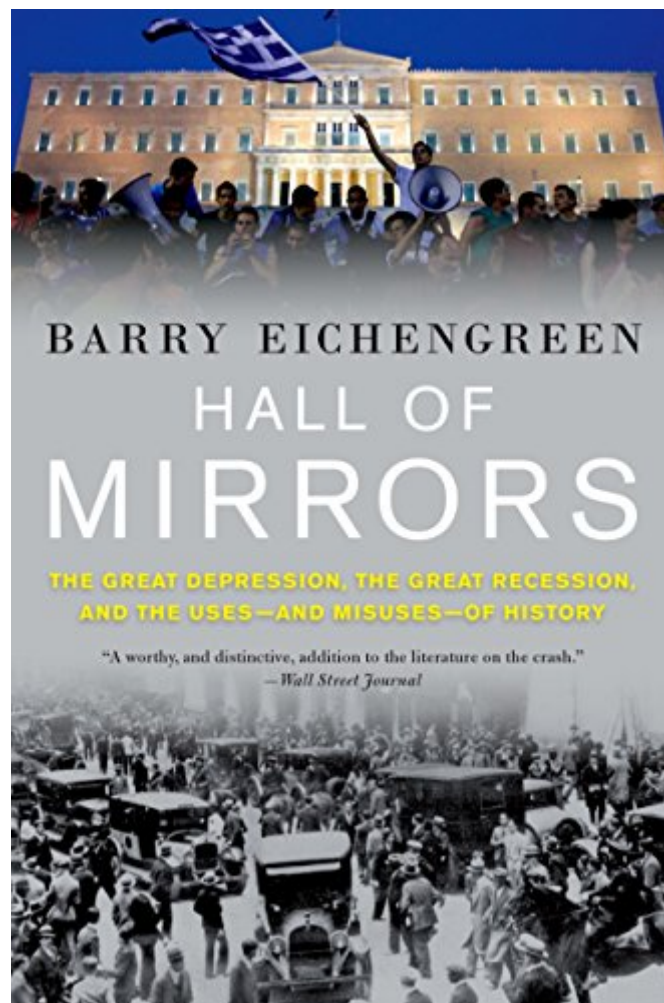


The book was found

Hall Of Mirrors: The Great Depression, The Great Recession, And The Uses-and Misuses-of History



Synopsis

The two great financial crises of the past century are the Great Depression of the 1930s and the Great Recession, which began in 2008. Both occurred against the backdrop of sharp credit booms, dubious banking practices, and a fragile and unstable global financial system. When markets went into cardiac arrest in 2008, policymakers invoked the lessons of the Great Depression in attempting to avert the worst. While their response prevented a financial collapse and catastrophic depression like that of the 1930s, unemployment in the U.S. and Europe still rose to excruciating high levels. Pain and suffering were widespread. The question, given this, is why didn't policymakers do better? *Hall of Mirrors*, Barry Eichengreen's monumental twinned history of the two crises, provides the farthest-reaching answer to this question to date. Alternating back and forth between the two crises and between North America and Europe, Eichengreen shows how fear of another Depression following the collapse of Lehman Brothers shaped policy responses on both continents, with both positive and negative results. Since bank failures were a prominent feature of the Great Depression, policymakers moved quickly to strengthen troubled banks. But because derivatives markets were not important in the 1930s, they missed problems in the so-called shadow banking system. Having done too little to support spending in the 1930s, governments also ramped up public spending this time around. But the response was indiscriminate and quickly came back to haunt overly indebted governments, particularly in Southern Europe. Moreover, because politicians overpromised, and because their measures failed to stave off a major recession, a backlash quickly developed against activist governments and central banks. Policymakers then prematurely succumbed to the temptation to return to normal policies before normal conditions had returned. The result has been a grindingly slow recovery in the United States and endless recession in Europe. *Hall of Mirrors* is both a major work of economic history and an essential exploration of how we avoided making only some of the same mistakes twice. It shows not just how the "lessons" of Great Depression history continue to shape society's response to contemporary economic problems, but also how the experience of the Great Recession will permanently change how we think about the Great Depression.

Book Information

File Size: 1888 KB

Print Length: 518 pages

Page Numbers Source ISBN: 0190621079

Publisher: Oxford University Press; 1 edition (December 1, 2014)

Publication Date: December 1, 2014

Sold by:Â Digital Services LLC

Language: English

ASIN: B00P9JTQL6

Text-to-Speech: Enabled

X-Ray: Not Enabled

Word Wise: Enabled

Lending: Not Enabled

Enhanced Typesetting: Enabled

Best Sellers Rank: #37,250 Paid in Kindle Store (See Top 100 Paid in Kindle Store) #3 inÂ Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > Business & Money > Economics > Comparative #6 inÂ Books > Business & Money > Economics > Comparative #18 inÂ Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > Business & Money > Economics > Economic Policy & Development

Customer Reviews

I held off writing this review until I had read the book thoroughly, an essential precaution I'm pretty sure several of the other reviewers have not taken. It's particularly important here because Eichengreen is making a very rich and nuanced case that cannot be distilled into a simple theoretically pure thesis. If you don't read it all, you're going to miss something important. I have read many other books and articles about the Great Depression and the Great Recession, but I nevertheless found much that was new and illuminating in Eichengreen's treatment here. I've recently re-read his earlier *Golden Fetters: The Gold Standard and the Great Depression, 1919-1939* (Nber Series on Long-Term Factors in Economic Development) which I feel is the best single stand-alone economic analysis of the Great Depression. (No, I'm not a committed true believer in "real business cycle" theories, or in liquidationism for that matter; if you are you probably won't like this book very well.) I'm not about to throw away my copy of *Golden Fetters*, which goes more deeply into some important details, but if you can only read one book on either the Great Depression or the Great Recession then *Hall of Mirrors* is the choice. The great strength of the book lies in Eichengreen's masterful use of the comparative method of analysis, for he shows that considering both cycles in the same frame yields insights not to be gained from examining either alone. His method permits him to explain many features of each that would otherwise be quite puzzling. Eichengreen is an economic historian rather than a theorist.

Barry Eichengreen, an economics professor at UC-Berkeley, is a scholar of the first order on The Great Depression. His "Golden Fetters" on how the operation of the gold standard during the inter-war years was a significant cause of The Great Depression is a classic. He argues in the Keynesian tradition on what the crisis managers of 2008 learned, perhaps too well, the lessons of 1929-33. Thus readers who prefer the views of James Grant's "Forgotten Depression" will differ greatly with this history. The analogues between the 1920s and 30s with the 2000s are many. Here are only a few highlighted by Eichengreen:

- Bernie Madoff was the equivalent of Charles Ponzi.
- The Euro of today works the way the gold standard of the 20s worked.
- The bailout of the Dawes Bank (Central Republic Trust) was similar to the Bear Stearns bailout.
- Letting Lehman fail was analogous to the moral hazard issue associated with allowing the Ford controlled Guardian Group of Banks to fail in 1933.
- There were real estate booms in both eras.

The lessons our modern day policy makers learned were to flood the system with liquidity, bailout the banks, engage in fiscal stimulus policies, avoid protectionism and avoid debacles like the London Economic Conference of 1933 through international cooperation. However, unlike the 1930s the problem in the system was not really in the banks, but rather in the shadow banking system that grew up in the 1990s and reached full adulthood in the 2000s.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

Hall of Mirrors: The Great Depression, the Great Recession, and the Uses-and Misuses-of History
House of Debt: How They (and You) Caused the Great Recession, and How We Can Prevent It from Happening Again
Working Scared (Or Not at All): The Lost Decade, Great Recession, and Restoring the Shattered American Dream
Central Banking after the Great Recession: Lessons Learned, Challenges Ahead
Kovels' Depression Glass and Dinnerware Price List, 8th edition (Kovels' Depression Glass & American Dinnerware Price List)
The Depression Book: Depression as an Opportunity for Spiritual Growth
The Depression Cure: The 11-Step Program to Naturally Beat Depression for Life
Hockey Hall of Fame Heroes: Scorers, Goalies and Defensemen (Hockey Hall of Fame Kids)
Philip Hall Likes Me. I Reckon Maybe. (The Philip Hall Trilogy Book 1)
Death Of The Dollar: The Prepper's DIY Guide To Bartering, Surviving, An, Economic Collapse, And, The Death Of Money, (Financial Crisis, Global Recession, ... Capitol Controls, DIY, Money) Book 1)
Stand Out & Succeed: Discover Your Passion, Accelerate Your Career and Become Recession-Proof
The Forgotten Man: A New History of the Great Depression (Graphic Edition)
A Square Meal: A Culinary History of the Great Depression
Data Abstraction and Problem Solving with C++: Walls and Mirrors (4th Edition)
Intermediate Problem Solving and Data Structures: Walls and Mirrors (The Benjamin/Cummings Series in Computer Science)
Data Abstraction and Problem Solving with C++:

Walls and Mirrors (3rd Edition) Data Abstraction and Problem Solving with Java: Walls and Mirrors
(3rd Edition) Light: Shadows, Mirrors, and Rainbows (Amazing Science) Smoke and Mirrors Jayne
Ann Krentz CD Collection: Lost and Found, Smoke in Mirrors

[Dmca](#)